

Schola Europaea

OPEN TENDER N° EEB2 2021-66

CONNECTED ELECTRONIC SCHOOL LOCKERS

PROJECT OF FRAMEWORK CONTRACT

FRAMEWORK CONTRACT FOR SUPPLIES

NUMBER – [complete]

REFERENCE: [complete]

1. The European School of Brussels II ("ESB II") ("the contracting authority"), with its principal address at Avenue Oscar Jespers 75, 1200 Woluwe-Saint-Lambert, legally represented by its Authorizing Officer Mrs Kamila Malik, Director of ESB II

of the one part and

2. [Full official name]

Official legal form

Statutory registration number or ID or passport number

[Full official address]

VAT registration number

[appointed as the leader of the group by the members of the group that submitted the joint tender]

[For joint tenders, repeat these data as many times as there are contractors and continue numbering]

([collectively] "the contractor"), represented for the purposes of the signature of this framework contract by [forename, surname, function of legal representative and name of company in the case of a joint tender],

on the other part,

HAVE AGREED

to the special conditions, the general conditions for framework contracts for supplies and the following annexes:

Annex I Tender specifications (reference No [complete] of [insert date])

Annex II Contractor's tender (reference No [complete] of [insert date])

Annex III – [Model for order forms] [and] [model for specific contracts]

Insert other annexes

which form an integral part of this framework contract (the 'FWC').

This FWC sets out:

- 1. the procedure by which the contracting authority may order supplies from the contractor;
- 2. the provisions that apply to any specific contract which the contracting authority and the contractor may conclude under this FWC; and
- 3. the obligations of the parties during and after the duration of this FWC.

All documents issued by the contractor (end-user agreements, general terms and conditions, etc.) except its tender are held inapplicable, unless explicitly mentioned in the special conditions of this FWC. In all circumstances, in the event of contradiction between this FWC and documents issued by the contractor, this FWC prevails, regardless of any provision to the contrary in the contractor's documents.

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I. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I.1. ORDER OF PRIORITY OF PROVISIONS

If there is any conflict between different provisions in this FWC, the following rules must be applied:

- (a) The provisions set out in the special conditions take precedence over those in the other parts of the FWC.
- (b) The provisions set out in the general conditions take precedence over those in the *order form* and specific contract (Annex III)
- (c) The provisions set out in the *order form* and specific contract (Annex III) take precedence over those in the other annexes.
- (d) The provisions set out in the tender specifications (Annex I) take precedence over those in the tender (Annex II).
- (e) The provisions set out in the FWC take precedence over those in the specific contracts.

Any reference to specific contracts applies also to order forms.

I.2. SUBJECT MATTER

The subject matter of the FWC is the leasing and provision of connected electronic school lockers for ESB II including the positioning and coupling of cupboards, the commissioning of the electronic part and the maintenance service.

I.3. ENTRY INTO FORCE AND DURATION OF THE FWC

- **I.3.1** The FWC enters into force on the date on which the last party signs it.
- **I.3.2** The *implementation of the FWC* cannot start before its entry into force.
- **I.3.3** The FWC is concluded for a period of *12 (twelve)* months with effect from the date of its entry into force.
- **I.3.4** The parties must sign any specific contract before the FWC expires.

The FWC continues to apply to such specific contracts after its expiry. The supplies relating to such specific contracts must be delivered no later than 6 (six) months after its expiry.

I.3.5 Renewal of the FWC

The FWC is renewed automatically 6 (six) times for 12 (twelve) months each, unless one of the parties receives *formal notification* to the contrary at least 6 (six) months before the end of the ongoing duration. Renewal does not change or postpone any existing obligations.

I.4. APPOINTMENT OF THE CONTRACTOR AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FWC

I.4.1. Appointment of the contractor

The contracting authority appoints the contractor for a single FWC.

I.4.2. Period of provision of the supplies

The period for the provision of the supplies starts to run from the date indicated in the specific contract.

I.4.3. Implementation of single FWC

The contracting authority orders supplies by sending the contractor a specific contract by e-mail.

Within 5 (five) working days, the contractor must either:

- send back to the contracting authority the specific contract duly signed and dated by e-mail; or

- send an explanation of why it cannot accept the order.

If the contractor repeatedly refuses to sign the specific contracts or repeatedly fails to send them back on time, the contractor may be considered in breach of its obligations under this FWC as set out in Article II.17.1 (c).

I.4.4. Delivery

The supplies must be delivered at ESB II's premises Delivered Duty Paid (DDP).

The contractor must notify the contracting authority of the exact date of delivery at least 3 (three) days in advance. All deliveries must be made between 08.00 hours and 16.00 hours at the agreed place of delivery.

I.5. PRICES

I.5.1. Maximum amount of the FWC and maximum prices

The maximum amount covering all purchases under this FWC, including all renewals is EUR [*amount in figures and in words*]. However, this does not bind the contracting authority to purchase for the maximum amount.

The maximum prices of the supplies are as listed in Annex II.

I.5.2. Price revision index

Price revision is not applicable to this FWC.

I.6. PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

I.6.1. Pre-financing

Pre-financing is not applicable to this FWC.

I.6.2. Interim payments

[Interim payment is not applicable to this FWC.]

[1[(a)]. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim a monthly interim payment equal to [complete] % of the price referred to in the relevant specific contract in accordance with Article II.20.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice by e-mail for the interim payment as provided for in the tender specifications, accompanied by the following:

• insert relevant progress report or certificate of conformity of supplies or insert reference to tender specifications or specific contract.

2. The contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or supplies and pay within 30 days from receipt of the invoice.

3. The contracting authority may suspend the time limit for payment specified in point (2.) in accordance with Article II.20.7. Once the suspension is lifted, the contracting authority shall give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or supplies.

I.6.3. Payment of the balance

1. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim the payment of the balance in accordance with Article II.20.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice by e-mail for payment of the balance due under a specific contract, as provided for in the tender specifications and accompanied by the following:

• insert relevant progress report or certificate of conformity of supplies or insert reference to tender specifications or specific contract

2. The contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or supplies and pay within 30 days from receipt of the invoice.

3. The contracting authority may suspend the time limit for payment specified in point (2.) in accordance with Article II.20.7.

Once the suspension is lifted, the contracting authority.

shall give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or supplies.]

I.6.4. Performance guarantee

Performance guarantee is not applicable to this FWC.

I.6.5. Retention money guarantee

Retention money guarantee is not applicable to this FWC.

I.6.6. Invoicing

In Belgium, use of this contract constitutes a request for VAT exemption No 450, Article 42, §3 alinéa 1er, 4° of the VAT code. The invoice(s) must include the statement: 'Exonération de la TVA, Article 42, paragraphe 3 alinéa 1er, 4° du code de la TVA'.

In the Netherlands, use of this contract constitutes a request for VAT exemption.

In Luxemburg, use of this contract constitutes a request for VAT exemption.

The contractor (or lead contractor in the case of a joint tender) shall submit invoices by e-mail to the <u>WOL-PROCUREMENT@eursc.eu</u> preferably in PDF format.

I.7. BANK ACCOUNT

Payments must be made to the contractor's (or leader's in the case of a joint tender) bank account denominated in euro identified as follows:

Name of bank: [Complete name]

Full address of branch: [Address]

Exact denomination of account holder: [Full Name]

Full account number including bank codes: [Bank account number]

[IBAN¹ code:]

I.8. COMMUNICATION DETAILS

For the purpose of this FWC, communications must be sent to the following addresses:

Contracting authority:

Albert MEES

Deputy Director Finance & Administration

Avenue Oscar Jespers, 75 – 1200 Woluwe-Saint-Lambert

E-mail: WOL-DEPUTY-DIRECTOR-FINANCE-AND-ADMINISTRATION@eursc.eu

<u>Contractor</u> (or leader in the case of a joint tender):

Full name

Function

[Company name]

[Full official address]

¹ BIC or SWIFT code for countries with no IBAN code.

Email: [complete]

By derogation from this Article, different contact details for the contracting authority or the contractor may be provided in specific contracts.

I.9. PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

I.9.1 Processing of personal data by the contracting authority

For the purpose of Article II.9.1, the data controller is the director of ESB II.

I.9.2 Processing of personal data by the contractor

For the purpose of Article II.9.2,

- (a) the subject matter and purpose of the processing of personal data by the contractor are strictly limited to the implementation of the subject matter of this contract as defined in Article I.2 above;
- (b) The localisation of and access to the personal data processed by the contractor shall comply with the following:
 - i. the personal data shall only be processed within the territory of the European Union and the European Economic Area and will not leave that territory;
 - ii. the data shall only be held in data centres located within the territory of the European Union and the European Economic Area;
 - iii. no access shall be given to such data outside of the European Union and the European Economic Area;
 - iv. the contractor may not change the location of data processing without the prior written authorisation of the contracting authority;
 - v. any transfer of personal data under the FWC to third countries or international organisations shall fully comply with the requirements laid down in Regulation (EU)2016/679².

I.10. TERMINATION BY EITHER PARTY

Either party may terminate the FWC and/or the FWC and specific contracts by sending *formal notification* to the other party with 3 (*three*) months written notice.

If the FWC or a specific contract is terminated:

(a) neither party is entitled to compensation;

² Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1–88 <u>https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32016R0679</u>

(b) the contractor is entitled to payment only for the supplies delivered before termination takes effect.

The second, third and fourth paragraphs of Article II.17.4 apply.

I.11. APPLICABLE LAW AND SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

I.12.1 The contract shall be governed by:

a. The Luxembourg Convention defining the Statute of the European Schools of 21 June 1994;

b. International treaty law derived from the Luxembourg Convention defining the Statute of the European Schools of 21 June 1994 and, in particular, the Financial Regulation of the European Schools

c. The Regulation 2018/1046 of 18 July 2018 applicable to the general budget of the Union

The FWC is governed, alternatively, by European Union law and, in the further alternative, by the law of the Member State in which the contracting authority is based.

I.12.2 The courts of Brussels have exclusive jurisdiction over any dispute regarding the interpretation, application or validity of the FWC.

I.12. SERVICE PROVIDED ON THE PREMISES OF THE CONTRACTING AUTHORITY

For the purpose of this article, 'on-site personnel' means personnel who is granted access rights to the contracting authority premises in Belgium for a short- or long-term period, when necessary for executing a specific contract.

I.13.5 If access rights for *on-site personnel* are granted by means of a European School's access card, this card remains the property of the European Schools and must be returned to the them upon request, upon expiry or where the access conditions are no longer met.

If the European School's access card is not returned, the contracting authority may claim liquidated damages of 100 EUR from the contractor for each day of delay up to a maximum of EUR 1.000. This represents a reasonable estimate of fair compensation for the damage incurred.

SIGNATURES

For the contractor,	For the contracting authority,
[Company name/forename/surname/position]	Kamila KAMIK, Director
Signature[s]:	Signature:
Done at [place], [date]	Done at [<i>place</i>], [<i>date</i>]

In duplicate in English.

II. GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR THE FRAMEWORK CONTRACT FOR SUPPLIES

II.1. DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this FWC, the following definitions (indicated in *italics* in the text) apply:

'Back office': the internal system(s) used by the parties to process electronic invoices;

'Breach of obligations': failure by the contractor to fulfil one or more of its contractual obligations.

'Confidential information or document': any information or document received by either party from the other or accessed by either party in the context of the *implementation of the FWC*, that any of the parties has identified in writing as confidential. It may not include information that is publicly available;

'Conflict of interest': a situation where the impartial and objective *implementation of the FWC* by the contractor is compromised for reasons involving family, emotional life, political or national affinity, economic interest, any other direct or indirect personal interest, or any other shared interest with the contracting authority or any third party related to the subject matter of the FWC;

'Force majeure': any unforeseeable, exceptional situation or event beyond the control of the parties that prevents either of them from fulfilling any of their obligations under the FWC. The situation or event must not be attributable to error or negligence on the part of the parties or on the part of the subcontractors and must prove to be inevitable despite their exercising due diligence. Defaults, defects in equipment or material or delays in making them available, labour disputes, strikes and financial difficulties may not be invoked as *force majeure*, unless they stem directly from a relevant case of *force majeure*;

'Formal notification' (or 'formally notify'): form of communication between the parties made in writing by mail or email, which provides the sender with compelling evidence that the message was delivered to the specified recipient;

'Fraud': an act or omission committed in order to make an unlawful gain for the perpetrator or another by causing a loss to the European Schools' financial interests, and relating to: i) the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents, which has as its effect the misappropriation or wrongful retention of funds or assets from the European Schools' budget, ii) the non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation, with the same effect or iii) the misapplication of such funds or assets for purposes other than those for which they were originally granted, which damages the European Schools' financial interests;

'Grave professional misconduct': a violation of applicable laws or regulations or ethical standards of the profession to which a contractor or a related person belongs, including any conduct leading to sexual or other exploitation or abuse, or any wrongful conduct of the contractor or a related person which has an impact on its professional credibility where such conduct denotes wrongful intent or gross negligence.

'Implementation of the FWC': the purchase of supplies envisaged in the FWC through the signature and *performance of specific contracts*;

'Irregularity': any infringement of a legal provision resulting from an act or omission by an economic operator, which has, or would have, the effect of prejudicing the European Schools' budget.

'Notification' (or 'notify'): form of communication between the parties made in writing including by electronic means;

'Order form': a simplified form of specific contract by which the contracting authority orders supplies under this FWC;

'Performance of a specific contract': the execution of tasks and delivery of the purchased supplies by the contractor to the contracting authority;

'Personnel': persons employed directly or indirectly or contracted by the contractor to implement the FWC;

'Professional conflicting interest': a situation in which the contractor's previous or ongoing professional activities affect its capacity to implement the FWC or to perform a specific contract to an appropriate quality standard.

'Related person': any natural or legal person who is a member of the administrative, management or supervisory body of the contractor, or who has powers of representation, decision or control with regard to the contractor;

'Request for supplies: a document from the contracting authority requesting that the contractors in a multiple FWC with re-opening of competition provide a specific tender for supplies whose terms are not entirely defined under the FWC;

'Specific contract': a contract implementing the FWC and specifying details of a supply to be provided.

II.2. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE EVENT OF A JOINT TENDER

In the event of a joint tender submitted by a group of economic operators and where the group does not have legal personality or legal capacity, one member of the group is appointed as leader of the group.

II.3. SEVERABILITY

Each provision of this FWC is severable and distinct from the others. If a provision is or becomes illegal, invalid or unenforceable to any extent, it must be severed from the remainder of the FWC. This does not affect the legality, validity or enforceability of any other provisions of the FWC, which continue in full force and effect. The illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision must be replaced by a legal, valid and enforceable substitute provision which corresponds as closely as possible with the actual intent of the parties under the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision. The replacement of such a provision must be made in accordance with Article II.11. The FWC must be interpreted as if it had contained the substitute provision as from its entry into force.

II.4. DELIVERY OF SUPPLIES

- **II.4.1** Signature of the FWC does not guarantee any actual purchase. The contracting authority is bound only by specific contracts implementing the FWC.
- **II.4.2** The contractor must comply with the minimum requirements provided for in the tender specifications. This includes compliance with applicable obligations under environmental,

social and labour law established by Union law, national law and collective agreements or by the international environmental, social and labour law provisions listed in Annex X to Directive 2014/24/EU³, compliance with data protection obligations resulting from Regulation (EU) 2016/679⁴.

- **II.4.3** All periods specified in the FWC are calculated in calendar days, unless otherwise specified.
- **II.4.4** The contractor must not present itself as a representative of the contracting authority and must inform third parties that it is not part of the European School's staff.
- **II.4.5** The contractor is responsible for the *personnel* who perform the contract and exercises its authority over its *personnel* without interference by the contracting authority. The contractor must inform its *personnel* that:
 - (a) they may not accept any direct instructions from the contracting authority; and
 - (b) their participation in providing the supplies does not result in any employment or contractual relationship with the contracting authority.
- **II.4.6** The contractor must ensure that the *personnel* implementing the FWC and any future replacement personnel possess the professional qualifications and experience required to provide the supplies, as the case may be on the basis of the selection criteria set out in the tender specifications.
- **II.4.7** At the contracting authority's reasoned request, the contractor must replace any member of *personnel* who:
 - (a) does not have the expertise required to provide the supplies; or
 - (b) has caused disruption at the premises of the contracting authority.

The contractor bears the cost of replacing its *personnel* and is responsible for any delay in providing the supplies resulting from the replacement of *personnel*.

II.4.8 The contractor must record and report to the contracting authority any problem that affects its ability to deliver the supplies. The report must describe the problem, state when it started and what action the contractor is taking to resolve it.

II.4.9 Delivery

(a) <u>Time allowed for delivery</u>

The time allowed for delivery is calculated in accordance with Article I.4.

(b) Date, time and place of delivery

³ OJ L 94 of 28.03.2014, p. 65

⁴ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC, OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1, <u>https://eurlex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L_.2016.119.01.0001.01.ENG</u>

The European Schools must be notified in writing of the exact date of delivery within the period indicated in Article I.4. All deliveries must be made at the agreed place of delivery during the hours indicated in Article I.4.

The contractor must bear all costs and risks involved in delivering the supplies to the place of delivery.

(c) <u>Consignment note</u>

Each delivery must be accompanied by a consignment note in duplicate, duly signed and dated by the contractor or its carrier, giving the specific contract number and particulars of the supplies delivered. One copy of the consignment note must be countersigned by the contracting authority and returned to the contractor or to its carrier.

II.4.10 Certificate of conformity

Signature of the consignment note by the contracting authority, as provided for in point (c) of Article II.4.11 is simply an acknowledgment of the fact that the delivery took place and in no way implies conformity of the supplies with the specific contract.

Conformity of the supplies delivered must be evidenced by the signature of a certificate to this effect by the contracting authority no later than one month after the date of delivery, unless otherwise specified in the special conditions or in the tender specifications.

Conformity must be declared only where the conditions laid down in the FWC and in the specific contract are satisfied and the supplies conform to the tender specifications.

If, for reasons attributable to the contractor, the contracting authority is unable to accept the supplies, the contractor must be notified in writing at the latest by the deadline for conformity.

II.4.11 Conformity of the supplies delivered with the FWC

The supplies delivered by the contractor to the contracting authority must be in conformity in quantity, quality, price and packaging with the FWC and the relevant specific contract.

The supplies delivered must:

- (a) correspond to the description given in the tender specifications and possess the characteristics of the supplies provided by the contractor to the contracting authority as a sample or model;
- (b) be fit for any specific purpose required of them by the contracting authority and made known to the contractor at the time of conclusion of this FWC and accepted by the contractor;
- (c) be fit for the purposes for which supplies of the same type are normally used;
- (d) demonstrate the high quality standards and performance which are normal in supplies of the same type and which the contracting authority can reasonably expect, given the nature of the supplies and taking into account any public statements on the specific characteristics of the supplies made by the contractor, the producer or its representative, particularly in advertising or on labelling; in accordance with the state of the art in the industry and the provisions of this FWC, in particular the tender specifications and the terms of its tender.
- (e) be packaged according to the usual method for supplies of the same type or, failing this, in a way designed to preserve and protect them.

II.4.12 Remedy

The contractor must be liable to the contracting authority for any lack of conformity which exists at the time the supplies are verified.

In case of lack of conformity, without prejudice to Article II.14 on liquidated damages applicable to the total price of the supplies concerned, the contracting authority is entitled:

- (a) either to have the supplies brought into conformity, free of charge, by repair or replacement;
- (b) or to have an appropriate reduction made in the price.

Any repair or replacement must be completed within a reasonable time and without any significant inconvenience to the contracting authority, taking account of the nature of the supplies and the purpose for which they are required by the contracting authority.

The term 'free of charge' in paragraph (a) refers to the costs incurred to bring the supplies into conformity, particularly the cost of postage, labour and materials.

II.4.13 Assembly

If required by the tender specifications (Annex I), the contractor must assemble the supplies delivered within a period of one month unless otherwise specified in the special conditions.

Any lack of conformity resulting from incorrect installation of the supplies must be deemed to be equivalent to lack of conformity of the supplies if installation forms part of the FWC and the supplies were installed by the contractor or under its responsibility. This applies equally if the product was to be installed by the contracting authority and was incorrectly installed owing to a shortcoming in the installation instructions.

II.4.14 Services provided to supplies

If required by the tender specifications, services to supplies must be provided accordingly.

II.4.15 General provisions concerning supplies

(a) <u>Packaging</u>

The supplies must be packaged in strong boxes or crates or in any other way that ensures that the contents remain intact and prevents damage or deterioration. Packaging, pallets, etc., including contents, must not weigh more than 500 kg.

Unless otherwise specified in the special conditions or in the tender specifications (Annex I), pallets must be considered as one-way packaging and must not be returned. Each box must be clearly labelled with the following information:

- Name of contracting authority and address for delivery;
- name of contractor;
- description of contents;
- date of delivery;
- number and date of specific contract;

- Contracting authority's code number of article.
- (b) Guarantee

The supplies must be guaranteed against all defects in manufacture or materials for two years from the date of delivery, unless provision is made for a longer period in the tender specifications.

The contractor must guarantee that any permits and licences required for manufacturing and selling the supplies have been obtained.

The contractor must replace at its own expense, within a reasonable time limit to be determined by agreement between the parties, any items which become damaged or defective in the course of normal use during the guarantee period.

The contractor is responsible for any conformity defect which exists at the time of delivery, even if this defect does not appear until a later date.

The contractor is also responsible for any conformity defect which occurs after delivery and is ascribable to non-compliance with its obligations, including failure to provide a guarantee that, for a certain period, supplies used for the purposes for which they are normally used or for a specific purpose will preserve their qualities or characteristics as specified.

If part of an item is replaced, the replacement part must be guaranteed under the same terms and conditions for a further period of the same duration as that specified above.

If a defect is found to originate in a systematic flaw in design, the contractor must replace or modify all identical parts incorporated in the other supplies that are part of the order, even though they may not have been the cause of any incident. In this case, the guarantee period must be extended as stated above.

II.4.16 The contractor must immediately inform the Contracting authority of any changes in the exclusion situations as declared, according to Article 137(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1046

II.5. COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PARTIES

II.5.1. Form and means of communication

Any communication of information, notices or documents under the FWC must:

- (a) be made in writing in paper or electronic format in the language of the contract;
- (b) bear the FWC number and, if applicable, the specific contract number;
- (c) be made using the relevant communication details set out in Article I.8; and
- (d) be sent by mail or by email.

If a party requests written confirmation of an e-mail within a reasonable time, the other party must provide an original signed paper version of the communication as soon as possible.

The parties agree that any communication made by email has full legal effect and is admissible as evidence in judicial proceedings.

II.5.2. Date of communications by mail and email

Any communication is deemed to have been made when the receiving party receives it, unless this FWC contract refers to the date when the communication was sent.

E-mail is deemed to have been received by the receiving party on the day of dispatch of that email, provided that it is sent to the e-mail address indicated in Article I.8. The sending party must be able to prove the date of dispatch. In the event that the sending party receives a non-delivery report, it must make every effort to ensure that the other party actually receives the communication by email or mail. In such a case, the sending party is not held in breach of its obligation to send such communication within a specified deadline.

Mail sent to the contracting authority is deemed to have been received by the contracting authority on the date on which the department responsible referred to in Article I.8 registers it.

Formal notifications are considered to have been received by the receiving party on the date of receipt indicated in the proof received by the sending party that the message was delivered to the specified recipient.

II.6. LIABILITY

- **II.6.1** The contracting authority is not liable for any damage or loss caused by the contractor, including any damage or loss to third parties during or as a consequence of implementation of the FWC.
- **II.6.2** If required by the relevant applicable legislation, the contractor must take out an insurance policy against risks and damage or loss relating to the implementation of the FWC. It must also take out supplementary insurance as reasonably required by standard practice in the industry. Upon request, the contractor must provide evidence of insurance coverage to the contracting authority.
- **II.6.3** The contractor is liable for any loss or damage caused to the contracting authority during or as a consequence of implementation of the FWC, including in the event of subcontracting, but only to an amount not exceeding three times the total amount of the relevant specific contract. However, if the damage or loss is caused by the gross negligence or wilful misconduct of the contractor or of its *personnel* or subcontractors, as well as in the case of an action brought against the contracting authority by a third party for breach of its intellectual property rights, the contractor is liable for the whole amount of the damage or loss.
- **II.6.4** If a third party brings any action against the contracting authority in connection with the *implementation of the FWC*, the contractor must assist the contracting authority in the legal proceedings, including by intervening in support of the contracting authority upon request.

If the contracting authority's liability towards the third party is established and that such liability is caused by the contractor during or as a consequence of the *implementation of the* FWC, Article II.6.3 applies.

- **II.6.5** If the contractor is composed of two or more economic operators (i.e. who submitted a joint tender), they are all jointly and severally liable to the contracting authority for the *implementation of the FWC*.
- **II.6.6** The contracting authority is not liable for any loss or damage caused to the contractor during or as a consequence of *implementation of the FWC*, unless the loss or damage was caused by wilful misconduct or gross negligence of the contracting authority.

II.7. CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND PROFESSIONAL CONFLICTING INTERESTS

- **II.7.1** The contractor must take all the necessary measures to prevent any situation of *conflict of interest or professional conflicting interest*.
- **II.7.2** The contractor must *notify* the contracting authority in writing as soon as possible of any situation that could constitute a *conflict of interest* or a *professional conflicting interest* during the *implementation of the FWC*. The contractor must immediately take action to rectify the situation.

The contracting authority may do any of the following:

- (a) verify that the contractor's action is appropriate;
- (b) require the contractor to take further action within a specified deadline;
- (c) decide not to award a specific contract to the contractor.
- **II.7.3** The contractor must pass on all the relevant obligations in writing to:
 - (a) its personnel;
 - (b) any natural person with the power to represent it or take decisions on its behalf;
 - (c) third parties involved in the *implementation of the FWC*, including subcontractors.

The contractor must also ensure that the persons referred to above are not placed in a situation which could give rise to conflicts of interest.

II.8. CONFIDENTIALITY

- **II.8.1.** The contracting authority and the contractor must treat with confidentiality any information or documents, in any format, disclosed in writing or orally relating to the *implementation of the FWC* and identified in writing as confidential.
- **II.8.2.** Each party must:
 - (a) not use *confidential information or documents* for any purpose other than to perform its obligations under the FWC or a specific contract without the prior written agreement of the other party;
 - (b) ensure the protection of such *confidential information or documents* with the same level of protection as its own *confidential information or documents*, and in any case with due diligence;
 - (c) not disclose directly or indirectly, *confidential information or documents* to third parties without the prior written agreement of the other party.
- **II.8.3** The confidentiality obligation set out in this Article are binding on the contracting authority and the contractor during the *implementation of the FWC* and for as long as the information or documents remain confidential unless:
 - (a) the disclosing party agrees to release the receiving party from the confidentiality obligation earlier;

- (b) the *confidential information or documents* become public through other means than a breach of the confidentiality obligation,
- (c) the applicable law requires the disclosure of the *confidential information or documents*.
- **II.8.4** The contractor must obtain from any natural person with the power to represent it or take decisions on its behalf, as well as from third parties involved in the *implementation of the FWC* a commitment that they will comply with this Article. At the request of the contracting authority, the contractor must provide a document providing evidence of this commitment.

II.9. PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

II.9.1 Processing of personal data by the contracting authority

Any personal data included in or relating to the FWC, including its implementation, shall be processed in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2016/679. Such data shall be processed solely for the purposes of the implementation, management and monitoring of the FWC by the data controller.

The contractor or any other person whose personal data is processed by the data controller in relation to this FWC has specific rights as a data subject according to Regulation (EU) No 2016/679, in particular the right to access, rectify or erase their personal data and the right to restrict or, where applicable, the right to object to processing or the right to data portability.

Should the contractor or any other person whose personal data is processed in relation to this FWC have any queries concerning the processing of its personal data, it shall address itself to the data controller. They may also address themselves to the Data Protection Officer of the data controller. They have the right to lodge a complaint at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor.

Details concerning the processing of personal data can be requested to the data controller referred to in Article I.9.

II.9.2 Processing of personal data by the contractor

The processing of personal data by the contractor shall meet the requirements of Regulation (EU) No 2016/679 and be processed solely for the purposes set out by the controller.

The contractor shall assist the controller for the fulfilment of the controller's obligation to respond to requests for exercising rights of person whose personal data is processed in relation to this FWC as laid down in Regulation (EU) No 2016/679. The contractor shall inform without delay the controller about such requests.

The contractor may act only on documented written instructions and under the supervision of the controller, in particular with regard to the purposes of the processing, the categories of data that may be processed, the recipients of the data and the means by which the data subject may exercise its rights.

The contractor shall grant personnel access to the data to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the FWC. The contractor must ensure that personnel authorised to process personal data has committed itself to confidentiality or is under appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality in accordance with the provisions of Article II.8.

The contractor shall adopt appropriate technical and organisational security measures, giving due regard to the risks inherent in the processing and to the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing, in order to ensure, in particular, as appropriate:

- (a) the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data;
- (b) the ability to ensure the ongoing confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems and services;
- (c) the ability to restore the availability and access to personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident;
- (d) a process for regularly testing, assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of technical and organisational measures for ensuring the security of the processing;
- (e) measures to protect personal data from accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of or access to personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed.

The contractor shall notify relevant personal data breaches to the controller without undue delay and at the latest within 48 hours after the contractor becomes aware of the breach. In such cases, the contractor shall provide the controller with at least the following information:

- (a) nature of the personal data breach including where possible, the categories and approximate number of data subjects concerned and the categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned;
- (b) likely consequences of the breach;
- (c) measures taken or proposed to be taken to address the breach, including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.

The contractor shall immediately inform the data controller if, in its opinion, an instruction infringes Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or other Union or Member State data protection provisions as referred to in the tender specifications.

The contractor shall assist the controller for the fulfilment of its obligations pursuant to Article 31 to 39 under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to:

- (a) ensure compliance with its data protection obligations regarding the security of the processing, and the confidentiality of electronic communications and directories of users;
- (b) notify a personal data breach to the National Data Protection Supervisor;
- (c) communicate a personal data breach without undue delay to the data subject, where applicable;
- (d) carry out data protection impact assessments and prior consultations as necessary.

The contractor shall maintain a record of all data processing operations carried on behalf of the controller, transfers of personal data, security breaches, responses to requests for exercising rights of people whose personal data is processed and requests for access to personal data by third parties.

The contractor shall notify the contracting authority without delay of any legally binding request for disclosure of the personal data processed on behalf of the contracting authority made by any national public authority, including an authority from a third country. The contractor may not give such access without the prior written authorisation of the contracting authority.

The duration of processing of personal data by the contractor will not exceed the period referred to in Article II.22.2. Upon expiry of this period, the contractor shall, at the choice of the controller, return, without any undue delay in a commonly agreed format, all personal data processed on behalf of the controller and the copies thereof or shall effectively delete all personal data unless Union or national law requires a longer storage of personal data.

For the purpose of Article II.10, if part or all of the processing of personal data is subcontracted to a third party, the contractor shall pass on the obligations referred to in Articles I.9.2 and II.9.2 in writing to those parties, including subcontractors. At the request of the contracting authority, the contractor shall provide a document providing evidence of this commitment.

II.10. SUBCONTRACTING

- **II.10.1** The contractor must not subcontract and have the FWC implemented by third parties beyond the third parties already mentioned in its tender without prior written authorisation from the contracting authority.
- **II.10.2** Even if the contracting authority authorises subcontracting, the contractor remains bound by its contractual obligations and is solely responsible for the *implementation of the FWC*.
- **II.10.3** The contractor must ensure that the subcontract does not affect the rights of the contracting authority under this FWC, particularly those under Articles II.8 and II.22.
- **II.10.4** The contracting authority may request the contractor to replace a subcontractor found to be in a situation provided for in points (d) and (e) of Article II.17.1.

II.11. AMENDMENTS

- **II.11.1** Any amendment to the FWC or a specific contract must be made in writing before all contractual obligations have been fulfilled. A specific contract does not constitute an amendment to the FWC.
- **II.11.2** Any amendment must not make changes to the FWC or a specific contract that might alter the initial conditions of the procurement procedure or result in unequal treatment of tenderers or contractors.

II.12. Assignment

- **II.12.1** The contractor must not assign any of the rights and obligations arising from the FWC, including claims for payments or factoring, without prior written authorisation from the contracting authority. In such cases, the contractor must provide the contracting authority with the identity of the intended assignee.
- **II.12.2** Any right or obligation assigned by the contractor without authorisation is not enforceable against the contracting authority.

II.13. FORCE MAJEURE

- **II.13.1** If a party is affected by *force majeure*, it must immediately *notify* the other party, stating the nature of the circumstances, their likely duration and foreseeable effects.
- **II.13.2** A party is not liable for any delay or failure to perform its obligations under the FWC if that delay or failure is a result of *force majeure*. If the contractor is unable to fulfil its contractual obligations owing to *force majeure*, it has the right to remuneration only for the supplies actually delivered and which obtain a certificate of conformity.
- **II.13.3** The parties must take all necessary measures to limit any damage due to force majeure.

II.14. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

II.14.1. Delay in delivery

If the contractor fails to perform its contractual obligations within the applicable time limits set out in this FWC, the contracting authority may claim liquidated damages for each day of delay using the following formula:

 $0.3 \ge (V/d)$

where:

V is the price of the relevant purchase or supply;

d is the duration specified in the relevant specific contract for delivery of the relevant purchase or supply or, failing that, the period between the date specified in Article I.4.2 and the date of delivery or performance specified in the relevant specific contract, expressed in days.

Liquidated damages may be imposed together with a reduction in price under the conditions laid down in Article II.15.

II.14.2. Procedure

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to apply liquidated damages and the corresponding calculated amount.

The contractor has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. Failing that, the decision becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the contractor submits observations, the contracting authority, taking into account the relevant observations, must *notify* the contractor:

(a) of the withdrawal of its intention to apply liquidated damages; or

(b) of its final decision to apply liquidated damages and the corresponding amount.

II.14.3. Nature of liquidated damages

The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that any amount payable under this Article is not a penalty and represents a reasonable estimate of fair compensation for the damage incurred due to failure to provide the supplies within the applicable time limits set out in this FWC.

II.14.4. Claims and liability

Any claim for liquidated damages does not affect the contractor's actual or potential liability or the contracting authority's rights under Article II.17.

II.15. REDUCTION IN PRICE

II.15.1. Quality standards

If the contractor fails to deliver the supply in accordance with the FWC or a specific contract ('unperformed obligations') or if it fails to deliver the supply in accordance with the expected quality levels specified in the tender specifications ('low quality delivery'), the contracting authority may reduce or recover payments proportionally to the seriousness of the unperformed obligations or

low quality delivery. This includes in particular cases where the contracting authority cannot approve a document or deliver a certificate of conformity for supply as defined in Article I.6 after the contractor has submitted the required additional information, correction or new supply.

A reduction in price may be imposed together with liquidated damages under the conditions of Article II.14.

II.15.2. Procedure

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to reduce payment and the corresponding calculated amount.

The contractor has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. Failing that, the decision becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the contractor submits observations, the contracting authority, taking into account the relevant observations, must *notify* the contractor:

(a) of the withdrawal of its intention to reduce payment; or

(b) of its final decision to reduce payment and the corresponding amount.

II.15.3. Claims and liability

Any reduction in price does not affect the contractor's actual or potential liability or the contracting authority's rights under Article II.17.

II.16. SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE **FWC**

II.16.1. Suspension by the contractor

If the contractor is affected by *force majeure*, it may suspend the performance of a specific contract.

The contractor must immediately *notify* the contracting authority of the suspension. The notification must include a description of the *force majeure* and state when the contractor expects to resume the performance of the contract.

The contractor must *notify* the contracting authority as soon as it is able to resume *performance of the specific contract*, unless the contracting authority has already terminated the FWC or the specific contract.

II.16.2. Suspension by the contracting authority

The contracting authority may suspend the *implementation of the FWC* or *performance of a specific contract* or any part of it:

- (a) if the procedure for awarding the FWC or a specific contract or the *implementation of the FWC* proves to have been subject to *irregularities*, *fraud or breach of obligations*;
- (b) in order to verify whether the presumed *irregularities, fraud* or breach of obligations have actually occurred.

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of the suspension and the reasons for it. Suspension takes effect on the date of *formal notification*, or at a later date if the *formal notification* so provides.

The contracting authority must *notify* the contractor as soon as the verification is completed whether:

- (a) it is lifting the suspension; or
- (b) it intends to terminate the FWC or a specific contract under Article II.17.1(f) or (j).

The contractor is not entitled to compensation for suspension of any part of the FWC or a specific contract.

The contracting authority may in addition suspend the time allowed for payments in accordance with Article II.20.7.

II.17. TERMINATION OF THE FWC

II.17.1. Grounds for termination by the contracting authority

The contracting authority may terminate the FWC or any on-going specific contract in the following circumstances:

- (a) if provision of the supplies under an on-going specific contract has not actually started within 15 days of the scheduled date and the contracting authority considers that the new date proposed, if any, is unacceptable, taking into account Article II.11.2;
- (b) if the contractor is unable, through its own fault, to obtain any permit or licence required for *implementation of the FWC*;
- (c) if the contractor does not implement the FWC or perform the specific contract in accordance with the tender specifications or *request for supplies* or is in breach of another substantial contractual obligation or repeatedly refuses to sign specific contracts. Termination of three or more specific contracts in these circumstances also constitutes grounds for termination of the FWC;
- (d) if the contractor or any person that assumes unlimited liability for the debts of the contractor is in one of the situations provided for in points (a) and (b) of Article 136(1) of the Financial Regulation⁵;
- (e) if the contractor or any *related person* is in one of the situations provided for in points (c) to
 (h) of Article 136(1) or to Article 136(2) of the Financial Regulation.
- (f) if the procedure for awarding the FWC or the *implementation of the FWC* prove to have been subject to *irregularities, fraud* or *breach of obligations*;
- (g) if the contractor does not comply with applicable obligations under environmental, social and labour law established by Union law, national law, collective agreements or by the international environmental, social and labour law provisions listed in Annex X to Directive 2014/24/EU;

⁵ Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 July 2018 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union, amending Regulations (EU) No 1296/2013, (EU) No 1301/2013, (EU) No 1303/2013, (EU) No 1304/2013, (EU) No 1309/2013, (EU) No 1316/2013, (EU) No 223/2014, (EU) No 283/2014, and Decision No 541/2014/EU and repealing Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, OJ L 193 of 30.7.2018, p.1 https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?gid=1544791836334&uri=CELEX:32018R1046

- (h) if the contractor is in a situation that could constitute a *conflict of interest* or a *professional conflicting interest* as referred to in Article II.7;
- (i) if a change to the contractor's legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation is likely to substantially affect the *implementation of the FWC* or substantially modify the conditions under which the FWC was initially awarded or a change regarding the exclusion situations listed in Art 136 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1046 that calls into question the decision to award the contract;
- (j) in the event of *force majeure*, where either resuming implementation is impossible or the necessary ensuing amendments to the FWC or a specific contract would mean that the tender specifications are no longer fulfilled or result in unequal treatment of tenderers or contractors;
- (k) if the needs of the contracting authority change and it no longer requires new supplies under the FWC; in such cases ongoing specific contracts remain unaffected;
- if the termination of the FWC with one or more of the contractors means that the multiple FWC with reopening of competition no longer has the minimum required level of competition.
- (m) if the contractor is in breach of the data protection obligations resulting from Article II.9.2;
- (n) if the contractor does not comply with the applicable data protection obligations resulting from Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

II.17.2. Grounds for termination by the contractor

The contractor may terminate the FWC or any on-going contract if

the contracting authority fails to comply with its obligations, in particular the obligation to provide the information needed for the contractor to implement the FWC or to perform a specific contract as provided for in the tender specifications.

II.17.3. Procedure for termination

A party must *formally notify* the other party of its intention to terminate the FWC or a specific contract and the grounds for termination.

The other party has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations, including the measures it has taken or will take to continue fulfilling its contractual obligations. Failing that, the decision to terminate becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the other party submits observations, the party intending to terminate must *formally notify* it either of the withdrawal of its intention to terminate or of its final decision to terminate.

In the cases referred to in points (a) to (d), (g) to (i), (k) to (n) of Article II.17.1 and in Article II.17.2, the date on which the termination takes effect must be specified in the *formal notification*.

In the cases referred to in points (e), (f) and (j) of Article II.17.1, the termination takes effect on the day following the date on which the contractor receives *notification* of termination.

In addition, at the request of the contracting authority and regardless of the grounds for termination, the contractor must provide all necessary assistance, including information, documents and files, to allow the contracting authority to complete, continue or transfer the delivery of the supplies to a new contractor or internally, without interruption or adverse effect on the quality or continuity of delivery of the supplies. The parties may agree to draw up a transition plan detailing the contractor's assistance unless such plan is already detailed in other contractual documents or in the tender specifications. The contractor must provide such assistance at no additional cost, except if it can demonstrate that it requires substantial additional resources or means, in which case it must provide an estimate of the costs involved and the parties will negotiate an arrangement in good faith.

II.17.4. Effects of termination

The contractor is liable for damage incurred by the contracting authority as a result of the termination of the FWC or a specific contract, including the additional cost of appointing and contracting another contractor to provide or complete the supplies, except if the damage is a result of a termination in accordance with Article II.17.1(j), (k) or (l) or in Article II.17.2. The contracting authority may claim compensation for such damage.

The contractor is not entitled to compensation for any loss resulting from the termination of the FWC or a specific contract, including loss of anticipated profits, unless the loss was caused by the situation specified in Article II.17.2.

The contractor must take all appropriate measures to minimise costs, prevent damage and cancel or reduce its commitments.

Within 60 days of the date of termination, the contractor must submit any report and any invoice required for supplies that were provided before the date of termination.

In the case of joint tenders, the contracting authority may terminate the FWC or a specific contract with each member of the group separately on the basis of points (d), (e), (g), (m) and (n) of Article II.17.1, under the conditions set out in Article II.11.2.

II.18. INVOICES, VALUE ADDED TAX AND E-INVOICING

II.18.1. Invoices and value added tax

Invoices must contain the contractor's (or leader's in the case of a joint tender) identification data, the amount, the currency and the date, as well as the FWC reference and reference to the specific contract.

Invoices must indicate the place of taxation of the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) for value added tax (VAT) purposes and must specify separately amounts not including VAT and amounts including VAT.

The contracting authority is exempt from all taxes and duties, including VAT, in accordance with Articles 3 and 4 of the Protocol 7 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union on the privileges and immunities of the European Union.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must complete the necessary formalities with the relevant authorities to ensure that the supplies and services required for *implementation of the FWC* are exempt from taxes and duties, including VAT.

II.18.2. E-invoicing

If provided for in the special conditions, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) submits invoices by email to the address specified, preferably under PDF format.

II.19. PRICE REVISION

If a price revision index is provided in Article I.5.2, this Article applies to it.

Prices are fixed and not subject to revision during the first year of the FWC.

At the beginning of the second and every following year of the FWC, each price may be revised upwards or downwards at the request of one of the parties.

A party may request a price revision in writing no later than three months before the anniversary date of entry into force of the FWC. The other party must acknowledge the request within 14 days of receipt.

At the anniversary date, the contracting authority must communicate the final index for the month in which the request was received, or failing that, the last provisional index available for that month. The contractor establishes the new price on this basis and communicates it as soon as possible to the contracting authority for verification.

The contracting authority purchases on the basis of the prices in force at the date on which the specific contract enters into force.

The price revision is calculated using the following formula:

Ir

Pr = Po x (--)

Io

where:

Pr = revised price;

Po = price in the tender;

Io = index for the month in which the FWC enters into force;

Ir = index for the month in which the request to revise prices is received.

II.20. PAYMENTS AND GUARANTEES

II.20.1. Date of payment

The date of payment is deemed to be the date on which the contracting authority's account is debited.

II.20.2. Currency

Payments are made in euros, unless another currency is provided for in Article I.7.

II.20.3. Conversion

The contracting authority makes any conversion between the euro and another currency at the daily euro exchange rate published in the Official Journal of the European Union, or failing that, at the monthly accounting exchange rate, as established by the European Commission and published on the website indicated below, applicable on the day when it issues the payment order.

The contractor makes any conversion between the euro and another currency at the monthly accounting exchange rate, established by the Commission and published on the website indicated below, applicable on the date of the invoice.

http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts grants/info contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro en.cfm

II.20.4. Costs of transfer

The costs of the transfer are borne as follows:

- (a) the contracting authority bears the costs of dispatch charged by its bank;
- (b) the contractor bears the costs of receipt charged by its bank;
- (c) the party causing repetition of the transfer bears the costs for repeated transfer.

II.20.5. Pre-financing, performance and money retention guarantees

If, as provided for in Article I.6, a financial guarantee is required for the payment of pre-financing, as performance guarantee or as money retention guarantee, it must fulfil the following conditions:

- (a) the financial guarantee is provided by a bank or a financial institution approved by the contracting authority or, at the request of the contractor and with the agreement of the contracting authority, by a third party;
- (b) the guarantee shall have the effect of making the bank or financial institution or the third party provide irrevocable collateral security, or stand as first-call guarantor of the contractor's obligations without requiring that the contracting authority has recourse against the principal debtor (the contractor).

The contractor bears the cost of providing such guarantee.

Pre-financing guarantees must remain in force until the pre-financing is cleared against interim payments or payment of the balance. Where the payment of the balance takes the form of a debit note, the pre-financing guarantee must remain in force for three months after the debit note is sent to the contractor. The contracting authority must release the guarantee within the following month.

Performance guarantees cover compliance with substantial contractual obligations until the contracting authority has given its final approval for the supply. The performance guarantee must not exceed 10 % of the total price of the specific contract. The contracting authority must release the guarantee fully after final certificate of conformity of the supply has been delivered, as provided for in the specific contract.

Retention money guarantees cover full delivery of the supplies in accordance with the specific contract including during the contract liability period and until their final certificate of conformity has been delivered by the contracting authority. The retention money guarantee must not exceed 10 % of the total price of the specific contract. The contracting authority must release the guarantee after the expiry of the contract liability period as provided for in the specific contract.

The contracting authority must not request a retention money guarantee for a specific contract where it has requested a performance guarantee.

II.20.6. Interim payments and payment of the balance

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice for interim payment, as provided for in Article I.6 or in the tender specifications or in the specific contract.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice for payment of the balance within 60 days of the end of the period of provision of the supplies, as provided for in Article I.6, in the tender specifications or in the specific contract.

Payment of the invoice and approval of documents does not imply recognition of the regularity, authenticity, completeness and correctness of the declarations and information they contain.

Payment of the balance may take the form of recovery.

II.20.7. Suspension of the time allowed for payment

The contracting authority may suspend the payment periods specified in Article I.6 at any time by *notifying* the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) that its invoice cannot be processed. The reasons the contracting authority may cite for not being able to process an invoice are:

- (a) because it does not comply with the FWC;
- (b) because the contractor has not produced the appropriate supplies or documents; or

(c) because the contracting authority has observations on the supplies or documents submitted with the invoice.

The contracting authority must *notify* the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) as soon as possible of any such suspension, giving the reasons for it. In cases b) and c) referred above, the contracting authority shall notify the contractor (or leader in case of a joint tender) the time limits to submit additional information or corrections or a new version of the documents or deliverables if the contracting authority requires it.

Suspension takes effect on the date the contracting authority sends the *notification*. The remaining payment period resumes from the date on which the requested information or revised documents are received or the necessary further verification, including on-the-spot checks, is carried out. Where the suspension period exceeds two months, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may request the contracting authority to justify the continued suspension.

Where the payment periods have been suspended following rejection of a document referred to in the first paragraph of this Article and the new document produced is also rejected, the contracting authority reserves the right to terminate the specific contract in accordance with Article II.17.1(c).

II.20.8. Interest on late payment

On expiry of the payment periods specified in Article I.6, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) is entitled to interest on late payment at the rate applied by the European Central Bank for its main refinancing operations in euros (the reference rate) plus eight points. The reference rate is the rate in force, as published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*, on the first day of the month in which the payment period ends.

Suspension of the payment period as provided for in Article II.20.7 is not considered as giving rise to late payment.

Interest on late payment covers the period running from the day following the due date for payment up to and including the date of payment as defined in Article II.20.1.

However, when the calculated interest is EUR 200 or less, it must be paid to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) only if it requests it within two months of receiving late payment.

II.21. RECOVERY

II.21.1 If an amount is to be recovered under the terms of the FWC, the contractor must repay the contracting authority the amount in question.

II.21.2 Recovery procedure

Before recovery, the contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to recover the amount it claims, specifying the amount due and the reasons for recovery and inviting the contractor to make any observations within 30 days of receipt.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted, the contracting authority decides to pursue the recovery procedure, it must confirm recovery by *formally notifying* a debit note to the contractor, specifying the date of payment. The contractor must pay in accordance with the provisions specified in the debit note.

If the contractor does not pay by the due date, the contracting authority may, after informing the contractor in writing, recover the amounts due:

- (a) by offsetting them against any amounts owed to the contractor by the Union or by the European Atomic Energy Community or by an executive agency when it implements the Union budget;
- (b) by calling in a financial guarantee if the contractor has submitted one to the contracting authority;
- (c) by taking legal action.

II.21.3 Interest on late payment

If the contractor does not honour the obligation to pay the amount due by the date set by the contracting authority in the debit note, the amount due bears interest at the rate indicated in Article II.20.8. Interest on late payments will cover the period starting on the day after the due date for payment and ending on the date when the contracting authority receives the full amount owed.

Any partial payment is first entered against charges and interest on late payment and then against the principal amount.

II.21.4 Recovery rules in the case of joint tender

If the contract is signed by a group (joint tender), the group is jointly and severally liable under the conditions set out in Article II.6 (liability). The contracting authority shall send the debit note first to the leader of the group.

If the leader does not pay by the due date the whole amount, and if the amount due cannot be offset or can only be offset partially in accordance with Article II.21.2 (a), then the contracting authority may claim the amount still due to any other member or members of the group by respectively *notifying* them with a debit note in conformity with the provisions laid down in Article II.21.2.

II.22. CHECKS AND AUDITS

II.22.1 The contracting authority and the European Anti-Fraud Office may check or require an audit on the *implementation of the FWC*. This may be carried out either by OLAF's own staff or by any outside body authorised to do so on its behalf.

Such checks and audits may be initiated at any moment during the provision of the supplies and up to five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last specific contract issued under this FWC.

The audit procedure is initiated on the date of receipt of the relevant letter sent by the contracting authority. Audits are carried out on a confidential basis.

- **II.22.2** The contractor must keep all original documents stored on any appropriate medium, including digitised originals if authorised under national law, for a period of five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last specific contract issued under this FWC.
- **II.22.3** The contractor must grant the contracting authority's staff and outside personnel authorised by the contracting authority the appropriate right of access to sites and premises where the FWC is implemented and to all the information, including information in electronic format, needed to conduct such checks and audits. The contractor must ensure that the information is readily available at the moment of the check or audit and, if so requested, that information is handed over in an appropriate format.
- **II.22.4** On the basis of the findings made during the audit, a provisional report is drawn up. The contracting authority or its authorised representative must send it to the contractor, who has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. The contractor must receive the final report within 60 days following the expiry of the deadline to submit observations.

On the basis of the final audit findings, the contracting authority may recover all or part of the payments made in accordance with Article II.21 and may take any other measures which it considers necessary.

II.22.5 In accordance with Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspection carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against *fraud* and other *irregularities* and Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office, the European Anti-Fraud Office may carry out investigations, including on the spot checks and inspections, to establish whether there has been *fraud*, corruption or any other illegal activity under the contract affecting the financial interests of the Union. Findings arising from an investigation may lead to criminal prosecution under national law.

The investigations may be carried out at any moment during the performance of the contract and up to five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last specific contract issued under this FWC.

II.22.6 The Court of Auditors and the European Public Prosecutor's Office established by Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939⁶ ('the EPPO') have the same rights as the contracting authority, particularly right of access, for the purpose of checks, audits and investigations.

⁶ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office

ANNEX III

- Model for specific contracts
- Model for order forms

SPECIFIC CONTRACT

No [complete]

implementing framework contract No [complete]

1. [Name of the school] [("abbreviation")] ("the contracting authority"), with its principal address at [Full official address], legally represented by its Authorizing Officer [forename, surname, function, department of authorising officer],

of the one part and

2. [Full official name]

Official legal form

Statutory registration number or ID or passport number

Full official address

[VAT registration number]

[appointed as the leader of the group by the members of the group that submitted the joint tender]

[For joint tenders, repeat these data as many times as there are contractors and continue numbering]

([collectively] "the contractor"), represented for the purposes of the signature of this framework contract by [forename, surname, function of legal representative and name of company in the case of a joint tender],

on the other part,

HAVE AGREED

ARTICLE 1. SUBJECT MATTER

- **1.1** This specific contract implements framework contract (FWC) No [*complete*], [lot [*complete*]] signed by the parties on [*complete date*].
- **1.2** In accordance with the provisions set out in the FWC and in this specific contract and [its][their] annex[es], which form an integral part of it, the contractor must provide the [following supplies:] [supplies specified in Annex [complete].]

ARTICLE 2. ENTRY INTO FORCE AND DURATION

- **2.1** This specific contract enters into force [on the date on which the last party signs it] [on [*insert date*] if both parties have already signed it].
- **2.2** The performance of the contract starts from [the date of entry into force of this specific contract] [*insert date*].
- **2.3** The performance of the contract must not exceed [*complete*] [days] [months]. The parties may extend the duration by written agreement before it elapses and before expiry of the FWC.

ARTICLE 3. PRICE

3.1 The price payable under this specific contract is EUR [*amount in figures and in words*].

[The maximum amount covering all purchases under this specific contract and excluding price revision is EUR [*amount in figures and in words*]].

[Option: for contractors for which VAT is due in Belgium – To adapt for other countries]

[In Belgium, use of this contract constitutes a request for VAT exemption No 450, Article 42, §3 alinéa 1er, 4° of the VAT code. The invoice(s) must include the statement: 'Exonération de la TVA, Article 42, paragraphe 3 alinéa 1er, 4° du code de la TVA'.]

ARTICLE 4. COMMUNICATION DETAILS

For the purpose of this specific contract, communications must be sent to the following addresses:

Contracting authority: Contracting authority: [Full name of the school] [Person/service to whom the communication must be sent] [Full official address] E-mail: [insert functional mailbox] Contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender):

Full name

[Function]

[Company name]

[Full official address]

E-mail: [complete]

ARTICLE 5. PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

[Performance guarantee is not applicable to this specific contract.]

[This contract is subject to a performance guarantee of [complete] % of the price of the specific contract]. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must provide a performance guarantee in the form of a financial guarantee for EUR [amount in figures and in words] in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article II.21.5. The guarantee must be released [30] [60] [90] days after the final certificate of conformity of the supplies has been delivered.]⁷

ARTICLE 6 RETENTION MONEY GUARANTEE

[Retention money guarantee is not applicable to this specific contract.]

[This specific contract is subject to a retention money guarantee of [complete] % of the price of the contract] ⁸..

[Option 1: Retention money guarantee by deduction]

[The guarantee is constituted by deduction of this amount on payments. It will be withheld for up to [30] [60] [90] days after the final certificate of conformity of the supplies has been delivered.]

[Option 2: Retention money guarantee by financial guarantee]

[The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must provide a retention money guarantee in the form of a financial guarantee for EUR [*amount in figures and in words*] in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article II.21.5. The guarantee must be released [30] [60] [90] days after the final certificate of conformity of the supplies has been delivered.]

Annexes

Request for supply

Contractor's specific tender of [insert date]

<u>Signatures</u>

For the contractor,

For the contracting authority,

[Company name/forename/surname/function]

[forename/surname/function]

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⁷ Requesting a performance guarantee is not allowed for contracts of less than EUR 60 000

⁸ Requesting a retention money guarantee is not allowed for contracts of less than EUR 60 000

signature:

Done at [place], [date]

In duplicate in English.

signature:

Done at [place], [date]

ORDER FORM

56	FRAMEWORK CONTRACT								
SCHOLAEUROPAEA	ORDER FORM								
SCHOLA EUROPAEA	1	I							
Adress:	Order number:	(Name and address of contractor)							
	Currency of payment: EUR								
Tel.:	Tender (date and reference):								
E-mail:									
This order is governed by Framework Contract No									
LISTING OF THE SUPPLIES / SERVICES		UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE i	n€				
			UNIT PRICE	TOTAL					
	and code			UNIT FRICE	TOTAL				
-									
[In Belgium, use of this contract constitutes a request for VAT exemption No 450, Article 42, §3 alinéa 1er, 4° of the VAT code, provided the invoice includes the statement: 'Exonération de la TVA, Article 42, paragraphe 3 alinéa 1er, 4° du code de la TVA'.]		Packaging Insurance Transport Assembly VAT TOTAL :							
Place of delivery or performance a	nd/or Incoterm:	Contractor's signature							
Final date of delivery or performar	nce:								
Payment provisions:		Name:							
		Position:							
Guarantee:		Date:							
Date of issue:									
Signature [name and position]:									
The invoice will be paid only if the	contractor has returned the signed order for	m							